JOB DESCRIPTION

Court Appointed Special Advocated of McLean County

Purpose:

The Court Appointed Special Advocate serves by court order as an Officer of the McLean County Juvenile Court. The CASA serves on a volunteer basis as an independent advocate for the Child's best interest and monitors the case until a permanent plan is achieved for the child. The CASA is directly responsible to the CASA Supervisor and comes under the rules and guidelines of the Juvenile Court.

Qualifications:

- A. Age 25 or older
- B. Completion of CASA application, police record check and DCFS CANTS check
- C. Participation in pre-service interview
- D. Successful completion of CASA training
- E. Participants cannot be licensed foster parents

Duties and Responsibilities:

- A. Conduct independent investigation of case
 - 1. Read (and review as appropriate) all relevant records
 - a. Court file
 - b. Department of Children & Family Services (DCFS) file
 - c. Private agency file
 - 2. Interview all principals in case
 - a. Biological parents
 - b. Child(ren)
 - c. Foster parents or residential facility personnel
 - d. Extended family members, where appropriate
 - e. Others having pertinent information (Teachers, Physicians, etc.)
- B. Maintain all case information in strict confidence
 - 1. Give case-related information only to parties involved
 - 2. Ensure security of confidential material in case notebook
 - 3. Return all case-related materials to CASA office upon withdrawal from case.
- C. Monitor and facilitate progress of case through system
 - 1. Review Client Service Plan
 - a. Report delays or problems to appropriate parties (CASA Supervisor, Private Agency, DCFS, Assistant States Attorney (ASA), Guardian as Litem (GAL), etc.

- 2. Monitor parent's progress in following service plan
 - a. Maintain independent personal contact with parents
 - b. Consult with service providers (Therapists, etc.)
- 3. Follow DCFS'/private agencies' efforts to achieve permanence
 - a. Maintain contact with DCFS/Private Agency worker
 - b. Attend Administrative Case Review (ACR) meetings
 - c. Monitor implementation of ACR objectives
 - d. Report deficiencies to appropriate parties (CASA Supervisor, Private Agency, DCFS, ASA, GAL, etc.)
- 4. Ensure child is adequately cared for and special needs are addressed.
 - a. Maintain contact with child and foster parents or residential facility personnel
 - b. Consult with service providers (Therapists, Special School District, etc.)
 - c. Report deficiencies to appropriate party (CASA Supervisor, Private agency, DCFS, ASA, GAL, etc.)
- 5. Consult with Guardian ad Litem (GASL) regarding case
 - a. keep GAL apprised of current case developments
 - b. Clarify any legal questions regarding the case
- 6. Consult with other appropriate persons (ASA, etc.) as needed.
- D. Ensure all relevant information is available to the Court
 - 1. Prepare Court report prior to hearing
 - a. Update case status
 - b. Make recommendations regarding case
 - c. Turn in report to CASA office by the assigned date
 - 2. Ensure CASA presence at all Court hearings
 - a. Attend all court hearings
 - b. Have accurate, up-to-date case file
 - c. Meet prior to hearing to discuss case with parties
 - d. Be prepared to testify if called upon
- E. Keep CASA Supervisor informed of case activity and progress
 - 1. Maintain regular contact with CASA Supervisor
 - a. Discuss case advocacy issues and concerns via telephone as issues arise
 - b. Meet with CASA Supervisor in person on a monthly basis
 - c. Develop appropriate case strategies
 - d. Keep Supervisor informed of illness or vacations which would temporarily prevent CASA activity
 - e. Notify CASA Supervisor of any change of address, phone numbers or employment
- F. Pursue professional development in the areas of child welfare, family issues and related areas by completing 12 hours per year of in-service training.

What CASAs DO NOT do

A. A CASA should not provide direct service delivery to any parties that could, **a.**) lead to a conflict of interest or liability problems or **b.**) cause a child or family to become dependent on the CASA advocate for services that should be provided by other agencies or organizations.

Examples of inappropriate advocate practices are:

- 1. Taking a child home or sheltering a child in the home
- 2. Giving legal advice or therapeutic counseling
- 3. Making placement arrangements for the child
- 4. Giving money or expensive gifts to the child or family
- B. A CASA should not transport a child in the course of his/her duties as a CASA volunteer.
- C. A CASA should not be related to any parties involved in the case, or be employed in a position and/or agency that might result in a conflict of interest.